#### 15–440 Distributed Systems Collective Routines in MPI

Zeinab Khalifa





- Last recitation: Point-to-point communication in MPI
- Today's recitation: collective communication in MPI

ة کارنىچى مىلون فى قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

#### Point-to-point communication

جامعه کارنیجی میلود فی قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

# P2P – Exercise (1)

- 1. Download Parallel\_Sum.c from course website
- 2. Run the code:
  - Login to hadoop@<andrewid>-n01.qatar.cmu.edu
  - password: hadoop
  - mpicc Parallel\_Sum.c –o Parallel\_Sum
  - scp ./Parallel\_Sum <andrewid>-n02.qatar.cmu.edu:<path>(similarly for n03 and n04)
  - mpiexec –f machinefile –np 4 ./Parallel\_Sum (note: -np is the number of processes)
- 3. What have we done in parallel sum using point-to-point communication?

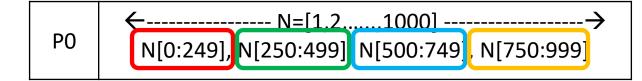


• Root initializes the array

P1		
P2		
Р3		



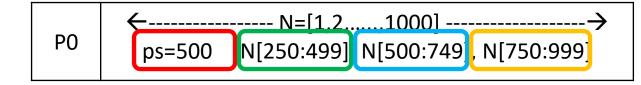
- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)



P1		
P2		
P3		



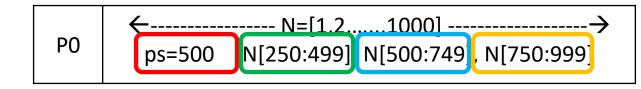
- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)
- Root calculates it's own partial sum



P1		
P2		
Ρ3		



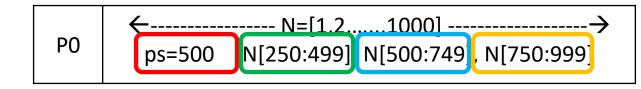
- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)
- Root calculates it's own partial sum
- Root sends each process elements to calculate



P1	N[250:499]		
P2	N[500:749]		
Р3	N[750:999]		



- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)
- Root calculates it's own partial sum
- Root sends each process elements to calculate



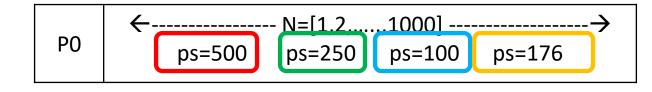
P1	Ps=250		
P2	Ps=100		
P3	Ps=176		



• Each process calculates the sum

- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)
- Root calculates it's own partial sum
- Root sends each process elements to calculate

- Each process calculates the sum
- Each process sends back the result

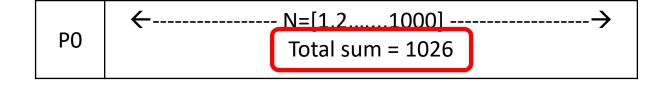


P1	Ps=250		
P2	Ps=100		
P3	Ps=176		



- Root initializes the array
- Root breaks down the array with a loop (process #, num\_elements\_per\_process, etc.)
- Root calculates it's own partial sum
- Root sends each process elements to calculate

- Each process calculates the sum
- Each process sends back the result
- Root adds all partial sums and has the result



P1	Ps=250		
P2	Ps=100		
Р3	Ps=176		



#### **Collective communication**

جامعه کارنیجی میلود فی قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

#### **Collective routines**

- Broadcast
- Gather
- AllGather
- Scatter
- Reduce
- AllReduce
- ReduceScatter
- Scan
- Alltoall

جامعح کارنیجی میلود فی قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

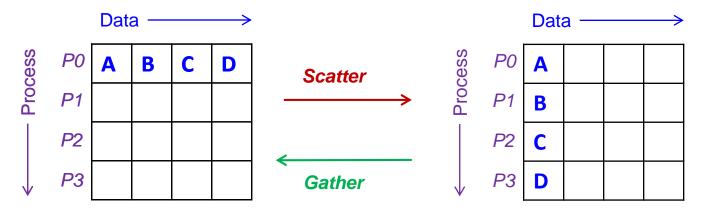
#### **Collective routines**

- Broadcast
- Gather
- AllGather
- Scatter
- Reduce
- AllReduce
- ReduceScatter
- Scan
- Alltoall

حامجے کارنیجی میلوں فی قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

#### Scatter and Gather

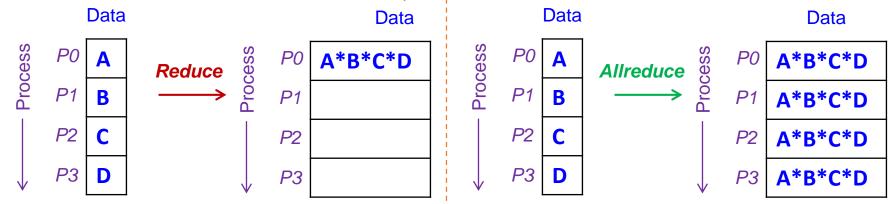
- Scatter distributes distinct messages from a single source task to each task in the group
- Gather gathers distinct messages from each task in the group to a single destination task



**Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

#### Reduce and All Reduce

- **Reduce** applies a reduction operation on all tasks in the group and places the result in one task
- <u>Allreduce</u> applies a reduction operation and places the result in all tasks in the group. This is equivalent to an MPI\_Reduce followed by an MPI\_Bcast



جامعة کارنیجی میلود فی قطر Carnegie Mellon University Qatar

# Parallel Sum – CR

#### **Exercise:** How can we compute the parallel sum using CR?

*Hints (1): which CR is similar to this step in P2P communication?* 

	←	N=[1.2.	10001	→	•
PO	ps=500	N[250:499]	N[500:749	N[750:999]	

P1	N[250:499]		
P2	N[500:749]		
Р3	N[750:999]		

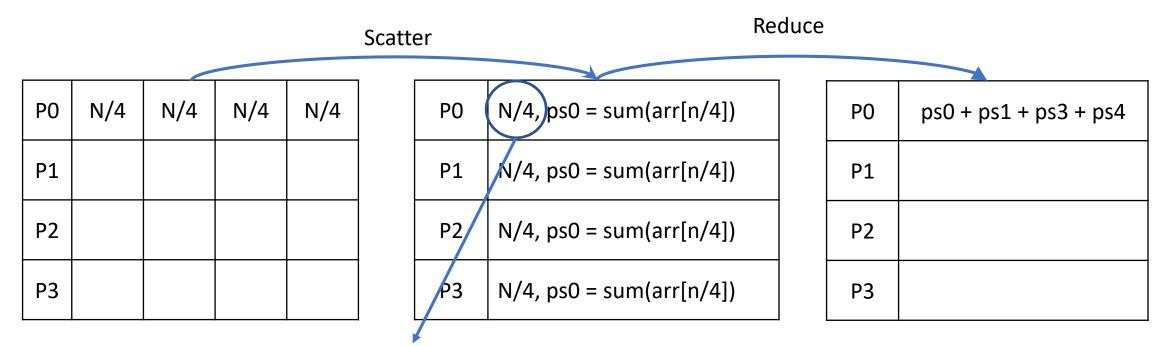
Hint (2): which CR is similar to the following steps we did in P2P communication?

- 1. Root sends each process elements to calculate
- 2. Each process calculates the sum
- 3. Each process sends back the result
- 4. Root adds all partial sums and has the result



#### Parallel Sum – CR

**Exercise:** How can we compute the parallel sum using CR?



Receive Buffer: Each process calculates the sum of the receive buffer

i کار نیدی میلو<u>ر</u> فی قطر **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 



**Exercise:** Download the starter code and implement parallel sum using the collective routines.

ارنىچى ھىلھى فى قىط، **Carnegie Mellon University Qatar** 

# MPI\_Scatter & MPI\_Reduce

MPI\_SCATTER( sendbuf, sendcount, sendtype, recvbuf, recvcount, recvtype, root, comm)

**sendbuf**: address of send buffer **sendcount**: number of elements sent to each process **sendtype**: data type of send buffer

sendtype: data type of send buffer elements

**recvbuf**: address of receive buffer **recvcount**: number of elements in receive buffer

**recvtype**: data type of receive buffer elements

**root**: rank of sending process **comm**: communicator

MPI\_REDUCE( sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, root, comm)

sendbuf: address of send buffer
recvbuf: address of receive buffer
count: number of elements in send buffer
datatype: data type of elements of send buffer
op: reduce operation
root: rank of root process
comm: communicator



#### P2P vs. CR

جامع کارنیجی میلود فی قطر Carnegie Mellon University Qatar

# What is the difference?

- Point-to-point communication
   One process sends a message to another one
- Collective communication
- Collective communication operations are composed of several point-to-point operations & Optimized internal implementations
- Can broadcast be implemented using MPI\_Send & MPI\_Recv?
- Yes
- However, it is less efficient

Carnegie Mellon University Oataı